



Inspection Report

To: Mark Jacklin (NRG Keystone Generating Station)

From: Jesse Varsho, P.E.

Re: Keystone Ash Disposal Site – Annual CCR Unit Inspection Report No. 1

Inspection Date: October 15, 2015

Report Date: January 12, 2016

INTRODUCTION

Title 40 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 257 addresses, in part, the management of Coal Combustion Residuals (CCR Rule, or Rule) in regulated units, including landfills. Specific to §257.84(b) of the Rule, existing and new CCR landfills must be inspected on an annual basis by a qualified professional engineer. For the Keystone Generating Station (operated by GenOn Northeast Management Company, a subsidiary of NRG Energy, Inc. [NRG]), this inspection requirement applies to the existing Ash Disposal Site. In support of this obligation, Mr. Jesse Varsho (a qualified professional engineer with CB&I Environmental & Infrastructure, Inc. [CB&I]) conducted an on-site inspection of the Ash Disposal Site on October 15, 2015. Prior to the inspection, CB&I personnel under the direct supervision of Mr. Varsho, reviewed the relevant portions of the facility's operating record in relation to the requirements of §257.84. The findings from this first annual inspection are summarized in the remaining sections of this correspondence.

As required, this report will be placed in the Keystone facility's operating record per §257.105(g)(9), noticed to the State Director per §257.106(g)(7), and posted to the publicly accessible internet site per §257.107(g)(7). Placement of this first annual inspection report into the facility's operating record must be accomplished no later than January 18, 2016 per §257.84(b)(3)(i). Deadlines for completion of subsequent annual inspection reports will be tied back to the actual date of placement of the previous year's report into the operating record.

BACKGROUND

The collective Ash Disposal Site consists of the contiguous East Valley and West Valley components and is operated/maintained in accordance with Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection (PADEP) Solid Waste Permit No. 300837. Stage I of East Valley was constructed first and became operational in 1985. Stage I was initially constructed in the northern part of East Valley, with Stage II being later constructed in

the southern half of East Valley and piggy-backed over the Stage I area. West Valley comprises Stage III of the disposal site, and it along with Stage II of East Valley, are the currently active portions. Disposal of CCR materials in West Valley began in 2002. When completed, West Valley will piggy-back over the western part of the East Valley Disposal Site. Stage IV of the disposal site is permitted and in the early stages of construction. It will be constructed in the southern part of West Valley and will be a horizontal and vertical expansion of the Stage III area. When ultimate development conditions are reached, Stage IV will piggy-back over Stage III as well as the western limits of East Valley (Stage I and Stage II). At such time when the permitted disposal capacity has been fully expended and final grades attained, any uncapped areas of the disposal site will be capped and closed in accordance with the approved Closure Plan.

As of the October 2015 inspection date, CCR materials were being placed in the active Stage II (East Valley) and Stage III (West Valley) areas of the disposal site.

With respect to the Ash Disposal Site, CB&I's evaluation has focused on the following items as outlined in §257.84(b)(1)(i-ii):

- *A review of available information regarding the status and condition of the CCR unit, including, but not limited to, files available in the operating record; and*
- *A visual inspection of the CCR unit to identify signs of distress or malfunction.*

Specific to CB&I's preparation of the annual inspection report, and per §257.84(b)(2)(i-iv), the following aspects have been addressed:

- *Any changes in geometry of the structure since the previous annual inspection;*
- *The approximate volume of CCR contained in the unit at the time of the inspection;*
- *Any appearances of an actual or potential structural weakness of the CCR unit, in addition to any existing conditions that are disrupting or have the potential to disrupt the operation and safety of the CCR unit; and*
- *Any other change(s) which may have affected the stability or operation of the CCR unit since the previous annual inspection.*

OPERATING RECORDS REVIEW

Principal items included, but were not limited to: various elements of the 1996 Major Permit Modification Package; the 2014 Annual Landfill Operations Report; and Solid Waste Permit No. 300837. As this was the first annual CCR Rule-derived inspection, the operating record did not contain any prior annual or weekly inspections for review. During the October 15, 2015 inspection, Mr. Varsho interviewed facility personnel (Mr. David Feid and Mr. Mark Jacklin) to verify the information contained within the operating record.

Environmental Control System Overview

- i. Bottom Liner System
 - a. East Valley is underlain by a single synthetic liner system.
 - b. West Valley has a double-liner system with one component being a geosynthetic clay liner.
- ii. Leachate Collection System
 - a. The East Valley and West Valley leachate collection systems are represented by piping networks located above the liner system. East Valley leachate is routed to the existing Pump Station and then pumped to the station's Industrial Wastewater Treatment (IWT) plant. West Valley leachate flows by gravity directly to the IWT. Following processing at the IWT and eventually at the Final Wastewater Treatment (FWT) plant, the treated effluent is discharged in accordance with the station's National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) Permit.
- iii. Stormwater Management
 - a. "Contact" stormwater at both East Valley and West Valley is collected in the West Valley Equalization Pond to allow for solids settling and is then routed to the IWT for treatment.
 - b. Non-contact stormwater at both East Valley and West Valley is routed to dedicated NPDES-permitted outfalls for direct discharge to surface water.

Summary of Landfill Construction

- i. Moving forward, the remaining active areas of East Valley and West Valley will continue to receive CCR. Construction of the permitted West Valley expansion area will continue as well.

Review of Prior Inspections

- i. Weekly inspections: No previous weekly inspections have been conducted; per the Rule, these inspections were to be initiated during the week of October 19, 2015.
- ii. Annual inspections: No previous annual inspections have been conducted; this current inspection represents the first performed in accordance with the Rule.

Summary of CCR Volumes

- i. Based on review of the 2014 Annual Landfill Operations Report (covering operations through December 2014), the total in-place CCR volume was estimated at approximately 27,300,000 cubic yards (cy).

SITE INSPECTION

The site inspection was performed on October 15, 2015 by Mr. Varsho, and during which time efforts were focused on identification of standard geotechnical signs of distress or malfunction. Specific aspects such as slumping at the toe of slope, tensile cracking, abnormal or excessive erosion on the side slopes, slope bulging, and groundwater/surface water seepage or ponding were assessed. If present, these readily visible signs are potential indicators of structural weakness of the CCR Landfill unit.

Visual Signs of Distress or Malfunction

- i. No visual signs of distress or malfunction were observed during the inspection. Stormwater drainage features, slope appearance and stability, leachate conveyance mechanisms, and overall site conditions were assessed. Closed portions of the East Valley exhibited well established vegetative cover.

Review of Environmental Control Systems

- i. With no evidence to the contrary, the bottom liner systems at East Valley and West Valley are believed to be in good operating condition and functioning as intended. At the time of the inspection, conveyance systems to the IWT were operating as designed.

CONCLUSIONS

Changes in Geometry

- i. As of April 2015 (refer to figure in Attachment 1), peak fill elevations in the active disposal area were at approximately 1,350 feet mean sea level. Since this is the first annual inspection, comparative changes in geometry were not directly relevant.

CCR Volume

- i. The total permitted disposal capacity for the combined East Valley and West Valley areas is 49,926,000 cy. As of December 2014, the remaining capacity was estimated at approximately 22,626,000 cy, thus resulting in the estimated in-place CCR volume of approximately 27,300,000 cy (cited above).

Appearance of an Actual or Potential Structural weakness of the CCR Unit

- i. At the time of inspection, there were no signs of distress or malfunction that would indicate actual or potential structural weakness at East Valley or West Valley.

Changes that may Affect the Stability or Operation of the CCR Unit

- i. There have been no changes to the East Valley or West Valley areas that pose a threat or concern to the stability of the land form.

RECOMMENDATIONS


1. Continue operation and maintenance as currently performed.
2. Verify intermediate fill slopes do not exceed permit conditions/limitations.

There were no deficiencies or releases identified during the 2015 annual inspection that required the owner or operator to perform corrective actions as required under §257.84(b)(5).

PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER'S CERTIFICATION

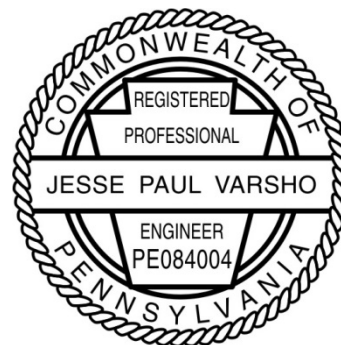
In accordance with §257.84(b) of the Rule, I hereby certify based on a review of available information within the facility's operating records and observations from my personal on-site inspection (including the photographs contained in Attachment 2), that the Keystone Ash Disposal Site does not exhibit any appearances of actual/potential structural weakness that would be disruptive to the normal operations of the East Valley and West Valley CCR Units. Both units are being operated and maintained consistent with recognized and generally accepted good engineering standards and practices.

Certified by: _____



Date: _____

1/12/16



Jesse Varsho, P.E., P.G.

Professional Engineer Registration No. PE084004

CB&I Environmental & Infrastructure, Inc.

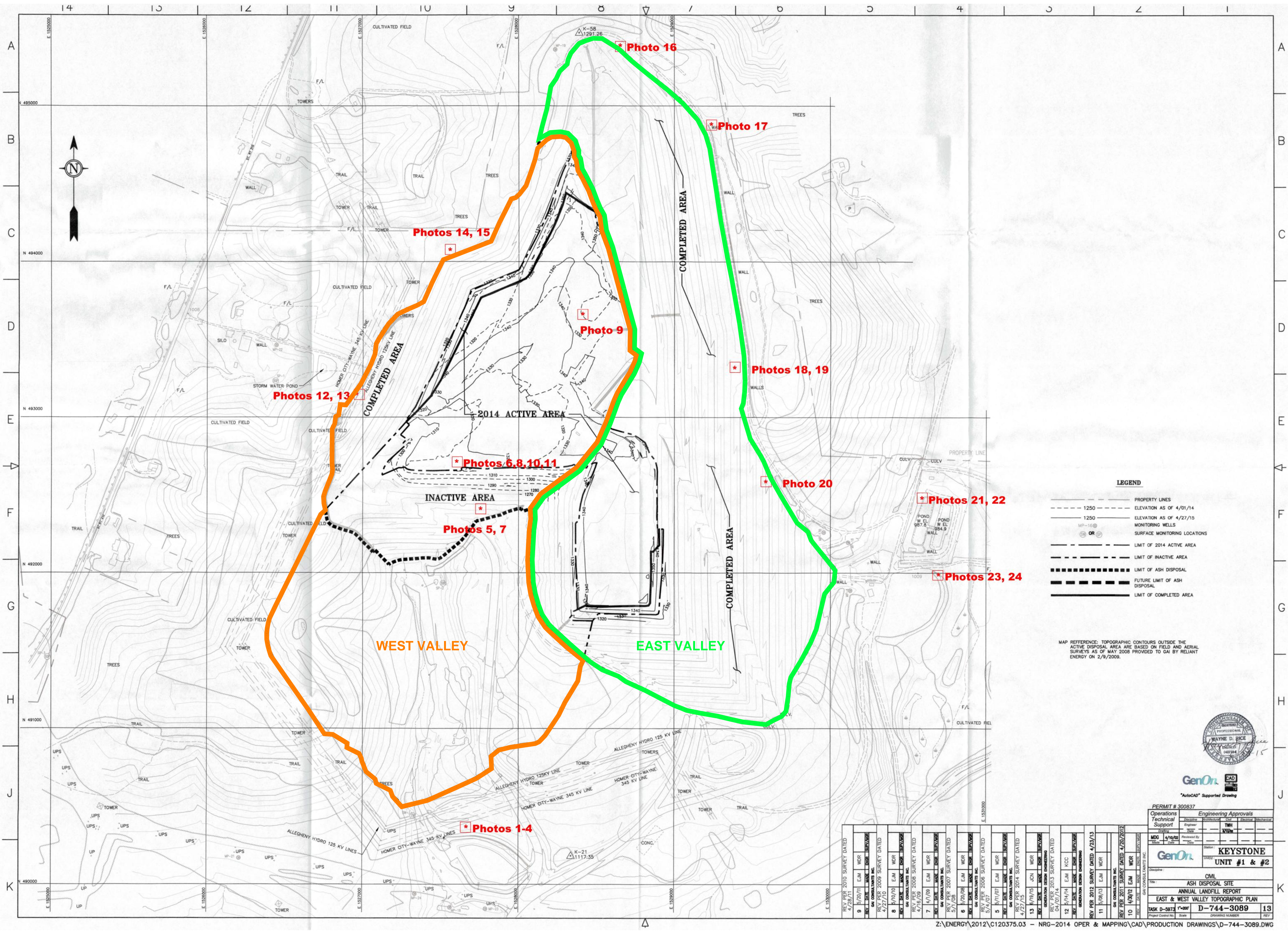
ATTACHMENTS

1. Site Map
2. Inspection Photo Log

REFERENCES

1. Residual Waste Major Permit Modification, Keystone Station Disposal Site, July 1996.
2. 2014 Keystone Generating Station Annual Landfill Operations Report, June 2015.
3. 40 Code of Federal Regulations, Part 257.

Attachment 1
Site Map



Attachment 2
Photo Log



Photograph No. 1

Date:

October 15, 2015

Direction:

Northwest

Description:

Leachate Weir Box and Valving Station at West Valley Equalization Pond.



Photograph No. 2

Date:

October 15, 2015

Direction:

East

Description:

West Valley Equalization Pond principal discharge structure.





<p>Photograph No. 3</p> <p>Date: October 15, 2015</p> <p>Direction: North</p>	 A photograph showing a black stormwater inlet pipe on a grassy slope. A white car is parked on a road in the background, and a metal guardrail is visible. The ground in the foreground is covered with gravel and some debris.
<p>Description: "Contact" stormwater inlet to West Valley Equalization Pond.</p>	

<p>Photograph No. 4</p> <p>Date: October 15, 2015</p> <p>Direction: North</p>	 A wide-angle photograph of the West Valley Equalization Pond. The pond is surrounded by a concrete wall and a gravel area. A tall utility pole is visible in the background, and the sky is blue with some clouds.
<p>Description: Wide-angle view of inlet and interior slopes of West Valley Equalization Pond.</p>	




<p>Photograph No. 5</p> <p>Date: October 15, 2015</p> <p>Direction: North</p>	 A photograph showing two large, dark, cylindrical pipes lying on a grassy slope. The pipes are positioned horizontally, with one slightly behind the other. The surrounding area is covered in green grass and some dry, brownish vegetation.
<p>Description: Leachate collection system cleanouts along interim toe of West Valley southern slope.</p>	

<p>Photograph No. 6</p> <p>Date: October 15, 2015</p> <p>Direction: West</p>	 A wide-angle photograph showing a long, straight, light-colored gravel or sand path or embankment stretching into the distance. The path is flanked by green grass and some low-lying vegetation. In the background, there are rolling hills and a clear blue sky with a few small clouds.
<p>Description: Southern crest of interim slope in area of active fill operations; no visual evidence of tensile cracking.</p>	



<p>Photograph No. 7</p> <p>Date: October 15, 2015</p> <p>Direction: South</p>	 A photograph showing a grassy hillside in the foreground, with a metal guardrail visible at the bottom. In the background, industrial structures including two tall smokestacks and several buildings are visible against a clear sky.
<p>Description: Partial view of the West Valley expansion area.</p>	

<p>Photograph No. 8</p> <p>Date: October 15, 2015</p> <p>Direction: Southeast</p>	 A photograph of a large, grassy hillside under a blue sky with scattered white clouds. The terrain appears to be a landfill expansion area with visible slopes and benches. A dirt road or path runs along the base of the hill.
<p>Description: Interim slopes and benches for East Valley; active lifts at top.</p>	




<p>Photograph No. 9</p> <p>Date: October 15, 2015</p> <p>Direction: North</p>	
<p>Description: Active fill operations with ash and gypsum.</p>	

<p>Photograph No. 10</p> <p>Date: October 15, 2015</p> <p>Direction: East</p>	
<p>Description: Southern crest of slope in area of active fill operations; no visual evidence of tensile cracking along interim slopes.</p>	




<p>Photograph No. 11</p> <p>Date: October 15, 2015</p> <p>Direction: Northeast</p>	
<p>Description: Active fill operations; upper lifts at East Valley in the distance.</p>	


<p>Photograph No. 12</p> <p>Date: October 15, 2015</p> <p>Direction: Northwest</p>	
<p>Description: View of slope and toe of slope transitioning between waste fill and existing topography along western perimeter of West Valley completed area slopes.</p>	



<p>Photograph No. 13</p> <p>Date: October 15, 2015</p> <p>Direction: North</p>	
<p>Description: Access road along western perimeter of West Valley; no evidence of sloughing along toe of completed area slope.</p>	

<p>Photograph No. 14</p> <p>Date: October 15, 2015</p> <p>Direction: North</p>	
<p>Description: Continued traverse along western perimeter access road; no evidence of sloughing along completed area toe of slope.</p>	



<p>Photograph No. 15</p> <p>Date: October 15, 2015</p> <p>Direction: North</p>	 A photograph showing a grassy hillside with a dirt path winding through it. The sky is blue with white clouds. The vegetation is green and brown, suggesting a mix of grass and shrubs.
<p>Description: Western perimeter of West Valley; no evidence of sloughing along toe of slope and transitioning to benches along completed area slopes.</p>	

<p>Photograph No. 16</p> <p>Date: October 15, 2015</p> <p>Direction: Southeast</p>	 A photograph showing a gravel path leading through a field. The path is made of dark gravel and is bordered by grass and shrubs. In the background, there are trees and hills under a blue sky with white clouds.
<p>Description: Non-contact stormwater drainage channel along northern perimeter of East Valley.</p>	



<p>Photograph No. 17</p> <p>Date: October 15, 2015</p> <p>Direction: Southeast</p>	 A photograph showing a grassy hillside with some trees in the distance under a bright blue sky with a few white clouds.
<p>Description: Completed area slopes and benches along eastern side of East Valley.</p>	

<p>Photograph No. 18</p> <p>Date: October 15, 2015</p> <p>Direction: South</p>	 A photograph showing a corrugated metal culvert pipe protruding from a grassy area, surrounded by dark, possibly contaminated soil.
<p>Description: Culvert within non-contact stormwater drainage channel along eastern perimeter of East Valley.</p>	

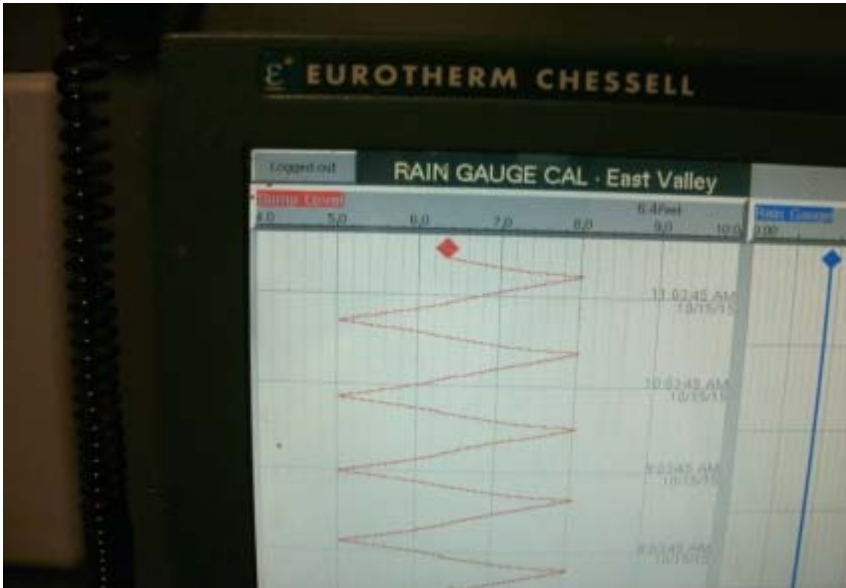


<p>Photograph No. 19</p> <p>Date: October 15, 2015</p> <p>Direction: Southeast</p>	 A photograph showing a grassy hillside sloping upwards from left to right. The vegetation is a mix of green grass and brownish shrubs. The sky is bright blue with a few white clouds. The hillside appears to be part of a larger landscape.
<p>Description: Completed area slopes and benches along eastern side of East Valley.</p>	

<p>Photograph No. 20</p> <p>Date: October 15, 2015</p> <p>Direction: Northwest</p>	 A photograph showing a gravel path that curves from the bottom right towards the center of the frame. The path is surrounded by green grass and some brown shrubs. In the background, a hillside rises under a clear blue sky. A few trees are visible on the horizon.
<p>Description: Additional view of completed area slopes and benches along eastern side of East Valley.</p>	



<p>Photograph No. 21</p> <p>Date: October 15, 2015</p> <p>Direction: N/A</p>	
<p>Description: East Valley Pumping Station; equipment used to convey collected leachate to the Station's Industrial Wastewater Treatment plant.</p>	

<p>Photograph No. 22</p> <p>Date: October 15, 2015</p> <p>Direction: N/A</p>	
<p>Description: Chart recorder for sump level at East Valley Pumping Station.</p>	



<p>Photograph No. 23</p> <p>Date: October 15, 2015</p> <p>Direction: East</p>	 A photograph showing a flow measurement weir structure installed in a grassy area. The weir is a dark, rectangular structure with a metal grate on top. A silver metal archway is positioned over the weir. The surrounding area is covered in green grass and some dry, brown vegetation.
<p>Description: Flow measurement weir at NPDES-permitted Outfall 008; discharge point for non-contact stormwater from East Valley.</p>	

<p>Photograph No. 24</p> <p>Date: October 15, 2015</p> <p>Direction: South</p>	 A photograph of a black identification marker sign on a wooden post. The sign reads "KEYSTONE STATION Stormwater Runoff Outfall 008" and "NPDES PERMIT NO. PA 9022068". The sign is located in a grassy area with trees in the background.
<p>Description: NPDES Outfall 008 identification marker.</p>	